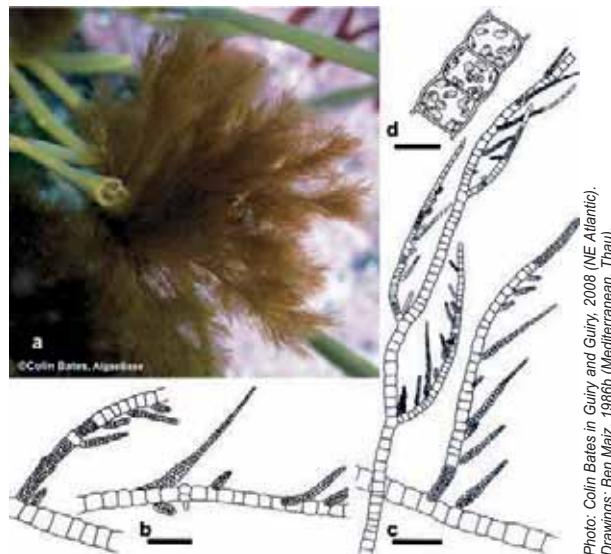


Pylaiella littoralis (Linnaeus) Kjellman**Short description**

Medium (to 20 cm high), filamentous, uniseriate, much branched, tapering into false hairs; growth diffuse; cells, to 50 µm in diameter, with numerous discoid plastids, each with a pyrenoid; intercalary plurilocular sporangia, 100-205 µm long; unilocular sporangia in a similar intercalary position, 16-60 µm in diameter.

Distinguishing characteristics

The *Ectocarpus*-like filaments with intercalary sporangia are distinctive; no confusion possible with native species.

Biology / Ecology / Habitat

Coastal lagoons; shallow subtidal communities; annual (winter).

CHROMOBIONTA

Distribution

Worldwide: described from Europe (Linnaeus, 1753, as *Conferva littoralis*); cosmopolite, widely distributed; north Atlantic; Indian Ocean; Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania; north Pacific (including Japan and Korea); Pacific Islands, Hawaiian Islands; Antarctica. **Mediterranean:** species widely recorded (Ribera *et al.*, 1992), but regarded as introduced from the north-eastern Atlantic or north Pacific in the northern coastal lagoons harbouring shellfish aquaculture; recorded first in 1960 from Italy, Venice (Pignatti, 1962); successively recorded in France, Etang de Thau (Ben Maiz, 1986b).

Mode of introduction

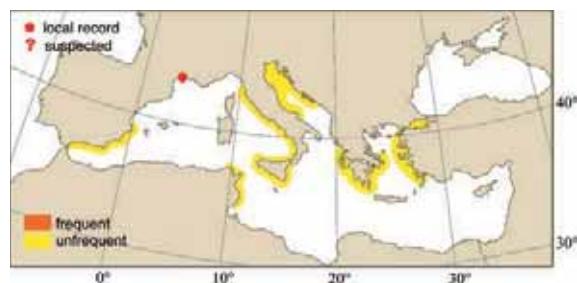
Accidental, probably transferred with oysters imported for farming from the north-eastern Atlantic or north Pacific (Japan, British Columbia).

Establishment

Well established.

Importance to humans

None.



1st Mediterranean record
Venice Lagoon, Italy, 1962
[1960].

Key references

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